Changes in Land Use Following Natural Disasters and the Role of Protected Areas

1ST ASIA PARKS CONGRESS November 13-17, 2013 Sendai International Center

Graduate School of Life and Environmental Sciences,
University of Tsukuba



Akihiro Nakamura

Taiichi Ito

Atsushi Kawabata

Background - 1

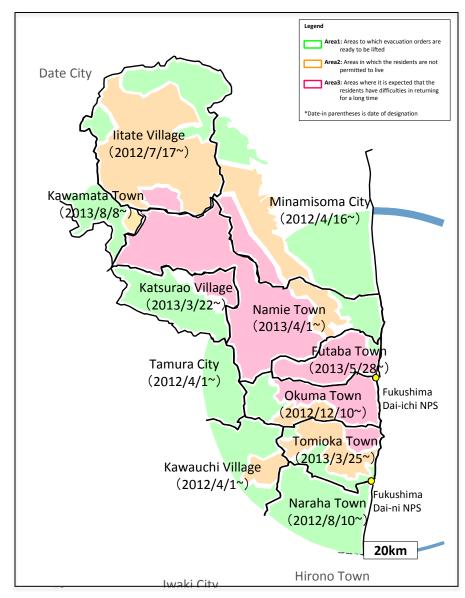
After the East Japan Great Earthquake Disaster (March 11, 2013) and the Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Disaster, a deliberate evacuation area was set within 11 municipalities in Fukushima prefecture. This was designed as a means of zoning for risk reduction.

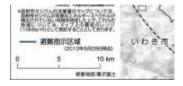


Soil density map in the evacuation directive area (Deposition amount of Cs-134 and Cs-137 total)

March 11, 2013

Areas to which evacuation orders have been issued (August 7, 2013)





Background - 2

Outside of the evacuation directive area, the agricultural, forestry and fishery industries have been in decline, the number of tourists has decreased, and this has in turn influenced wildlife.

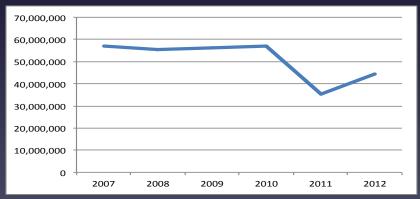


Fig1. Total number of the tourist
in Fukushima Prefecture
Source: Government of the Prefecture of Fukushima

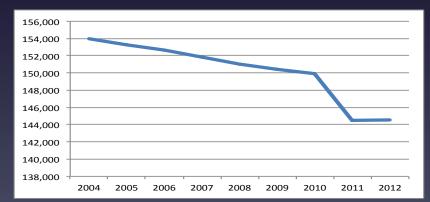


Fig2. Area under cultivation in Fukushima Prefecture (ha)
Source: Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries

Case Studies

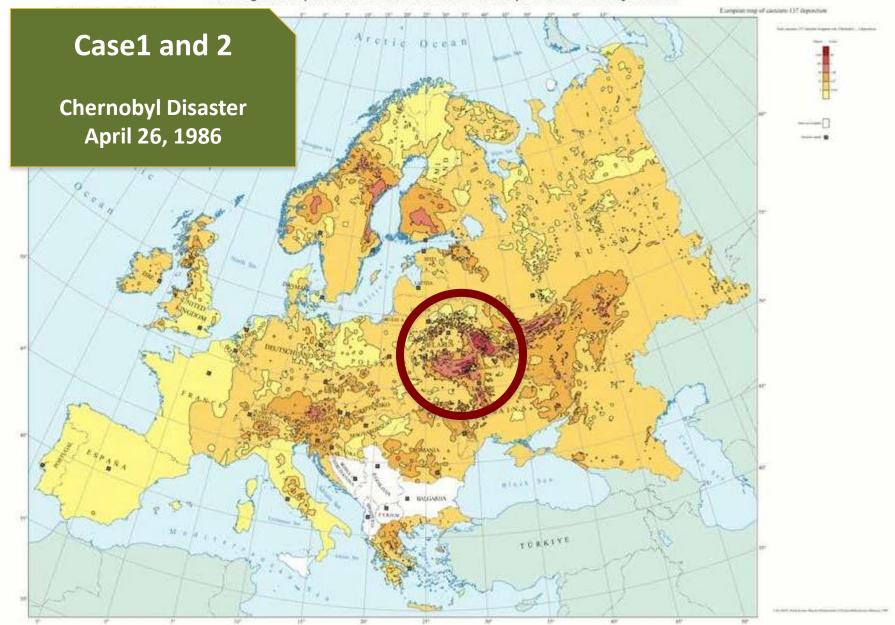
Protected areas related to the nuclear disaster

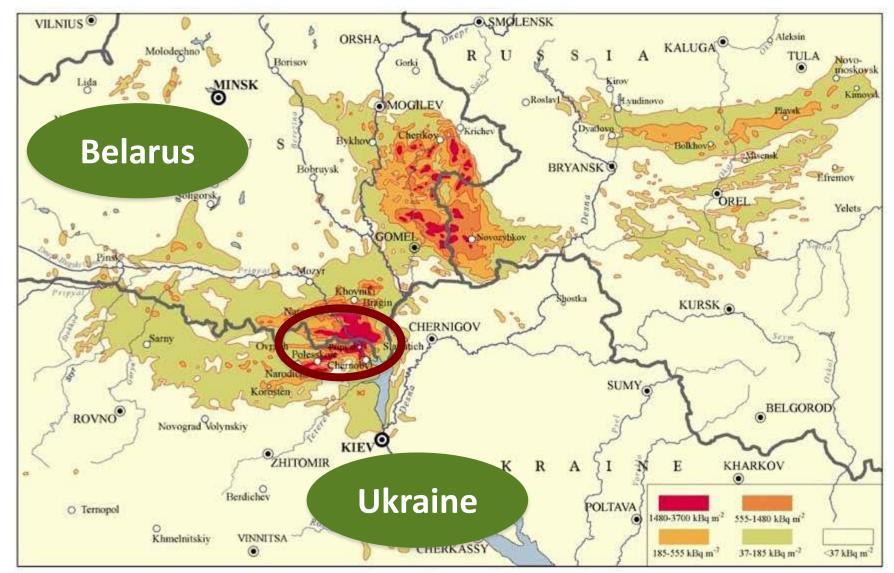
Chernobyl Disaster

- The Exclusion Zone and the Zone of Absolute (mandatory)
 resettlement (Ukraine)
- 2. Polesye State Radiation Ecological Reserve (Belarus)

Rocky Flats Plant

3. Rocky Flats National Wildlife Refuge (Colorado, USA)





Surface ground deposition of caesium-137 released in the Chernobyl accident

200km

Case1: Ukraine

The Exclusion Zone and the Zone of Absolute (mandatory) resettlement



Management

State Agency of Ukraine on the Exclusion Zone Management

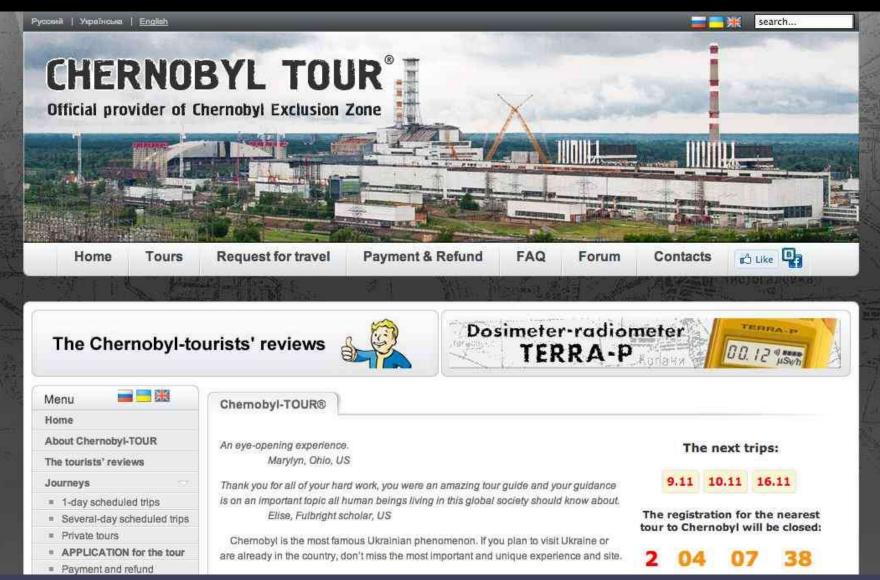
Parent department

State Emergency Service of Ukraine

Source: CHERNOBYL TOUR https://chernobyl-tour.com/

The Exclusion Zone and the Zone of Absolute (mandatory) resettlement: *Action*

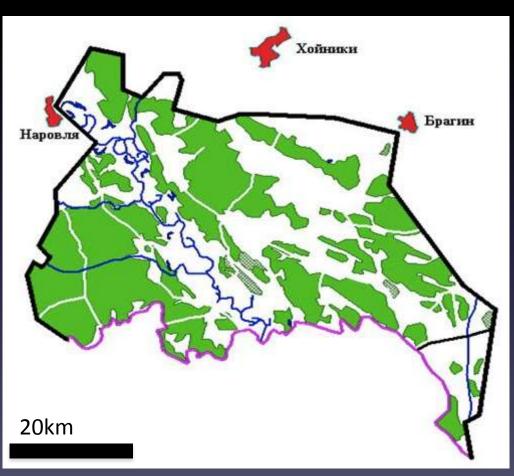
- Zonal management and monitoring
- Long-term safekeeping and disposal of the radioactive waste
- Sell-and-lease agreement of the land in the zone
- Maintenance of a mark and the fence
- Adjustment of the Chernobyl nuclear power plant decommissioning
- Registration of the victim



Source: CHERNOBYL TOUR https://chernobyl-tour.com/

Case2: Belarus

Polesye State Radiation Ecological Reserve



Management

Department on liquidation of the consequences of the accident on the Chernobyl NPP

Parent department

Ministry of Emergency Measures of Belarus

Polesye State Radiation Ecological Reserve: Action

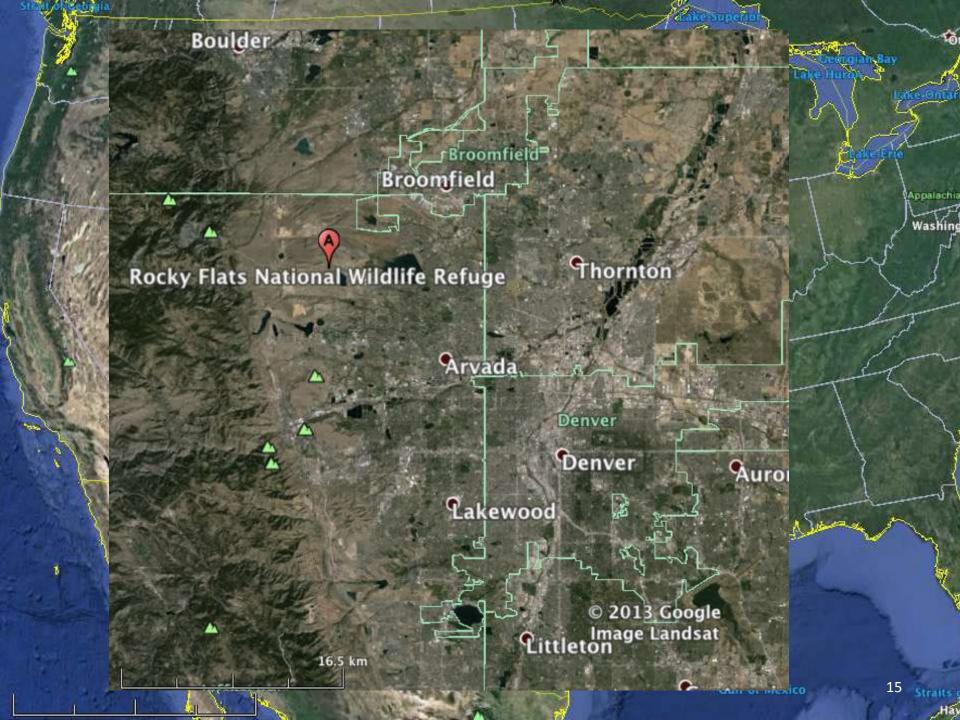
- Enforcement of radiological nonproliferation measures
- Monitoring of the change of the radioactive level
- Environmental monitoring
- Development of the rehabilitation method
- Impact statement to the animals and plants of the radiation
- Prevention of unjust invasion for wild animal protection

Polesye State Radiation Ecological Reserve: Natural environment

Table 1. Species in PSRER

	Belarus All	in PSRER	Red book of Belarus
vascular plants	nearly 1700	884 (52%)	38 (Protected plants)
Mammals	60	46 (77%)	7 (6 were registered in last few years)
Birds	250 (Polessiye)	206 (82%)	54
Reptiles	7	7 (100%)	0
amphibians	13	10 (77%)	0

Source: PSRER http://www.zapovednik.by/>



Case3: Colorado, USA Rocky Flats National Wildlife Refuge

Nuclear Weapons Site Becomes a Wildlife Refuge

Entity Conversion

1952~1977: Atomic Energy Commission

1977~2007: United States Department of Energy

2007~: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (nearly 1,600 ha)



In 1995 Photos: Los Alamos National Lab

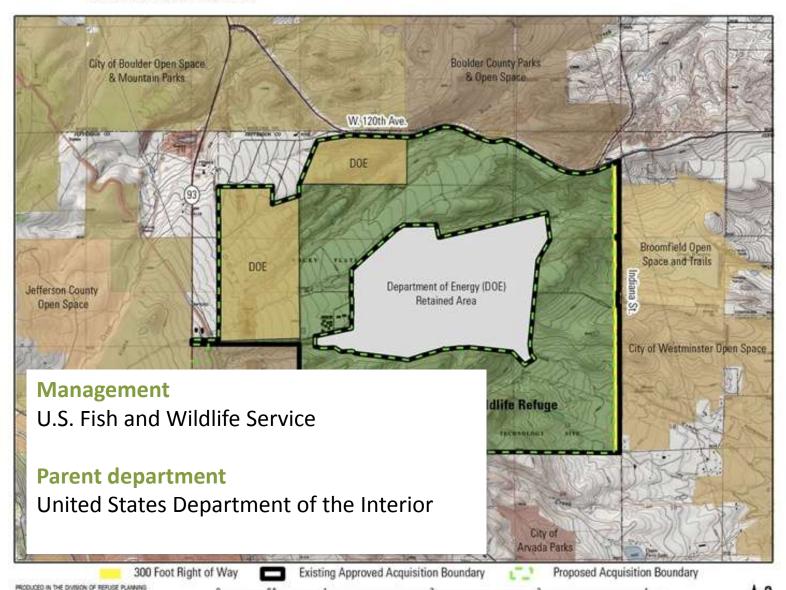
In 2005

DENVER COLONADO MAP DATE STIDZEN BASEMAP NOS TOPO US 20 STH PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN

FLE WICORPLAMPSRPL LIMEA OFFIRE LANDSTATUS OFFIFT

Rocky Flats National Wildlife Refuge Boulder and Jefferson Counties, Colorado

U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service





Rocky Flats National Wildlife Refuge: *Purpose*

- Restoring and preserving native ecosystems
- Providing habitat and population management for native plants and migratory and resident wildlife
- Conserving threatened and endangered species
- Providing opportunities for compatible scientific research

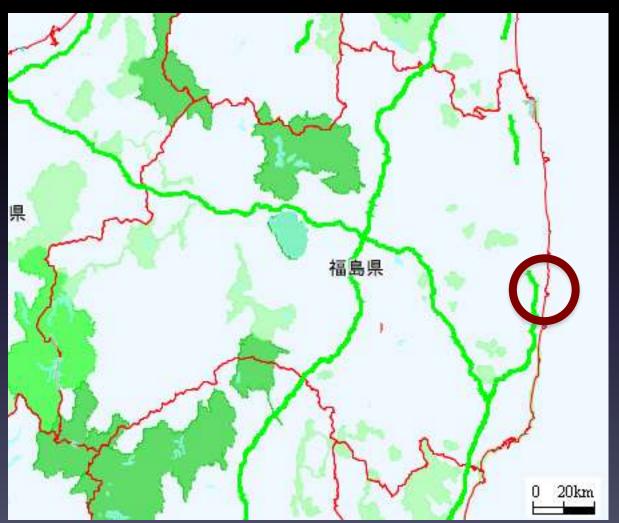
Rocky Flats National Wildlife Refuge: Goals

- Wildlife and habitat management
- Public use, education and interpretation
- Safety
- Effective and open communication
- Working with others
- Refuge operations

Case Studies: Features

- There are Specialized Agencies of the zonal management in Ukraine and Belarus
- Rocky Flats Plant became the existing protected area
- Investigation into natural environments change
- Nature recovered by decrease of human influences
- Promotion of the use is planned in 3 sites

Natural Parks in Fukushima

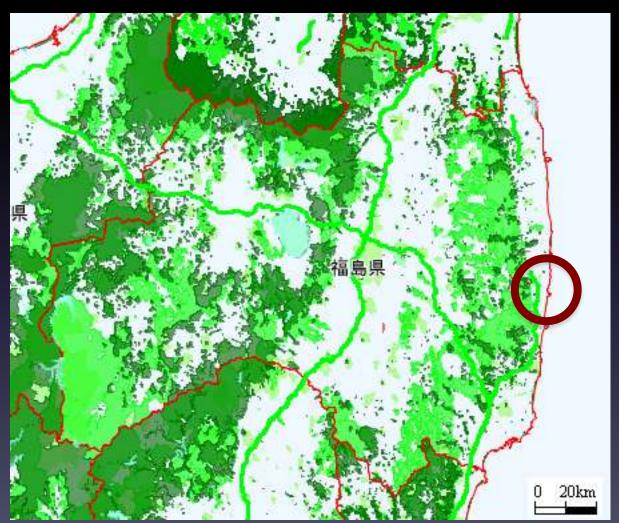


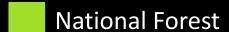
National Park

Quasi-National Park

Prefectural Nature Park

Other Protected Areas in Fukushima



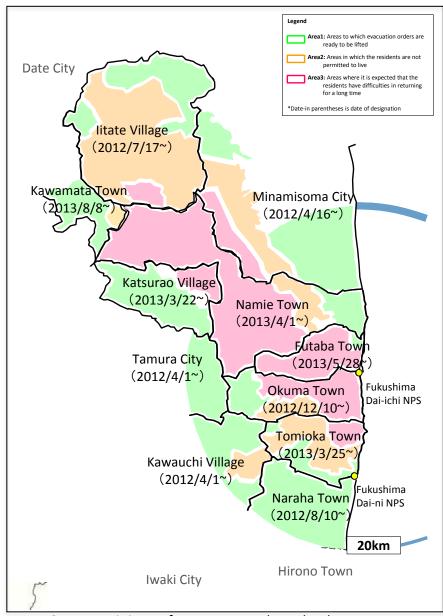






Source: National Land Information Division, National and Regional Policy Bureau. http://nrb-www.mlit.go.jp/webmapc/mapmain.html

Areas to which evacuation orders have been issued (August 7, 2013)



Source: Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry

Designate

Nuclear Emergency Response
Headquarters
(Establish by Act on Special
Measures Concerning Nuclear
Emergency Preparedness)

Action

- restrict activities
- Radiological monitoring
- Decontamination



Role of a Protected Area

Investigation into change of natural environments

- Sharing ecological information, providing environmental education
- Formulation of land use plans for the future
 - Example: Tourism

